

Making Dynamic Memory Allocation Static To Support WCET Analyses

Jörg Herter Jan Reineke

Department of Computer Science Saarland University

WCET Workshop, June 2009



COMPUTER SCIENCE



What we have ...

- 1 Precise WCET analysis
- 2 Dynamic Memory Allocation
 - often clearer program structure
 - easy memory reuse (e.g. in-situ transformations)

... but can we have both together?

Dynamic Memory Allocation & WCET Analysis

What are the challenges?



Approaches



What can be done?

- Predictable Allocator
 - J. Herter, J. Reineke, R. Wilhelm, 2008
- Predictable Hardware
 - M. Schöberl, 2009
- Replace Dynamic Allocation by Static Allocation

Big Picture







What do we consider good addresses for heap allocated objects?

- Good addresses enable a subsequent WCET analysis to calculate minimal WCET bounds ...
- ... by minimal memory consumption.



Idea for an algorithm:

1 Compute addresses s.t. memory consumption is minimal

Can generate an ILP to compute memory-optimal addresses from liveness information!



Idea for an algorithm:

1 Compute addresses s.t. memory consumption is minimal

- Can generate an ILP to compute memory-optimal addresses from liveness information!
- 2 Compute WCET for current addresses
 - Can generate an ILP to compute WCET from control-flow graph, loop bounds, and basic block information! (IPET, Li&Malik)



Idea for an algorithm:

1 Compute addresses s.t. memory consumption is minimal

- Can generate an ILP to compute memory-optimal addresses from liveness information!
- 2 Compute WCET for current addresses
 - Can generate an ILP to compute WCET from control-flow graph, loop bounds, and basic block information! (IPET, Li&Malik)
- Select the program block with highest contribution to WCET



Idea for an algorithm:

1 Compute addresses s.t. memory consumption is minimal

- Can generate an ILP to compute memory-optimal addresses from liveness information!
- 2 Compute WCET for current addresses
 - Can generate an ILP to compute WCET from control-flow graph, loop bounds, and basic block information! (IPET, Li&Malik)
- 3 Select the program block with highest contribution to WCET
- 4 Modify addresses s.t. WCET contribution of selected block is minimized
 - Can generate an ILP to compute block-optimal addresses from liveness and basic block information!



Idea for an algorithm:

1 Compute addresses s.t. memory consumption is minimal

- Can generate an ILP to compute memory-optimal addresses from liveness information!
- 2 Compute WCET for current addresses
 - Can generate an ILP to compute WCET from control-flow graph, loop bounds, and basic block information! (IPET, Li&Malik)
- 3 Select the program block with highest contribution to WCET
- 4 Modify addresses s.t. WCET contribution of selected block is minimized
 - Can generate an ILP to compute block-optimal addresses from liveness and basic block information!

5 Continue at 2



- ILPs to compute memory and block optimal addresses can be replaced by simulated annealing algorithms to cope with
 - more complex hardware (more cache sets)
 - more complex software (more heap allocated blocks)

Conclusions & Future Work



- Algorithm to compute static memory addresses for heap allocated objects.
- Preliminary experiments suggest feasible computational costs for addresses.

- Future Work:
 - Static (pre-) analysis to collect needed information.
 - Fully Automatic Transformation.